Wisconsin Ranked List of Needs

Priority	Item	
Score	Category	Item Description
		Reduce substance use disorders for pregnant women and mothers with infants
81.2	SA-2	and young children.
		Increase children and youth who receive effective treatment and wrap-around
		services for mental health or substance use disorders. Youth have high rates of
79.9	MHSA-3	mental health and substance abuse needs.
		Increase psychiatrist availability including, but not limited to, child psychiatrists
79.6	MH-1	in northern Wisconsin.
		Increase persons coming in contact with the criminal justice system that receive
		effective services for mental health or substance use disorders. These persons
77.7	MHSA-4	have high prevalence rates.
55.4		Reduce Wisconsin's suicide rate below the national average including but not
77.4	MH-2	limited to persons age 50-59, veterans and active service members.
77.0	G A O	Reduce alcohol and other substance-impaired motor vehicle crashes, injuries and
77.0	SA-8	fatalities among persons age 16-34.
		Improve mental health and substance abuse service outcomes and quality of care
		by addressing the use of evidence-based practices and treatments, practice-based
75 0	MUCA 11	evidence, consumer satisfaction and involvement, professional training, data
75.8 75.0	MHSA-11 SA-1	collection, outcomes measurement, quality improvement approach, etc.
73.0	3A-1	Increase the substance abuse treatment professional workforce statewide.
		Early identification of those who have experienced adverse childhood
		experiences such as abuse, divorced parents, or living with persons who have a mental health or substance use disorder coupled with proven interventions to
74.4	MH-4	build resilience.
/4.4	WIII-4	Address barriers to accessing mental health or substance abuse treatment
		including cost, motivation, transportation/distance, living in rural areas, and
74.3	MHSA-6	stigma in order to increase the number of persons receiving treatment.
73.9	SA-7	Reduce binge or heavy-occasion use of alcohol among persons age 18-34.
73.9	SA-6	Reduce use of alcohol among persons age 12-20.
73.7	511 0	Reduce persons with addictions to prescription pain killers and heroin as well as
73.3	SA-3	overdoses and deaths among persons age 12 and older.
, 5.5		Increase persons with any co-occurring mental health or substance abuse
72.1	MHSA-1	disorder who receive effective integrated treatment.
		Increase overall mental health and substance abuse workforce capacity and
72.0	MHSA-8	reduce waiting lists.
		Achieve mental health and substance abuse service appropriateness and equity
		by ensuring the appropriate mix of inpatient, detox, residential, intensive
		outpatient, outpatient, psychosocial rehabilitation services, crisis intervention,
		recovery support services, peer specialists, recovery coaches, consumer-run
71.2	MHSA-9	centers, narcotic treatment, etc.
		Reduce the disparities in access to effective, culturally and linguistically
		competent mental health and substance abuse services among populations of
70.6	MHSA-12	differing races, ethnicities, sexual orientations and Deaf persons.
		Increase capacity to provide evidence-based, universal indirect environmental
		prevention strategies in areas of the state where data indicates there is need
69.9	SA-5	including but not limited to rural villages and towns.
69.8	MHSA-5	Increase young adults (age 18-25) and elders (age 60 and over) who receive

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		effective treatment for mental health or substance use disorders. Young adult
		prevalence rates are higher than average and both groups' rates of receiving
		treatment are lower than average.
		Reduce mental health inpatient readmission rates by increasing the availability of
69.1	MH-3	community-based alternatives.
		Increase veterans, active service members and military families who receive
68.8	MHSA-2	effective treatment for mental health or substance use disorders.
		Reduce high usage of detoxification services in areas where usage exceeds the
67.1	SA-4	state or national average.
		Collaboration or integration of substance abuse and mental health services with
		primary health care to improve overall health outcomes including but not limited
66.6	MHSA-10	to smoking cessation.
		Provide parents and helping professionals working with infants and young
		children (e.g., child care workers, home visitors, and pediatricians) the
		knowledge, skills, and practices that support healthy social and emotional child
63.0	MH-5	development.
		Reduce the use of synthetic drugs that have a similar effect as marijuana (spice)
55.3	SA-9	or stimulants (bath salts).
		Address access barriers to pathological gambling disorder treatment in order to
51.9	MHSA-7	increase the number of persons receiving treatment.